

Fast Facts Women Heads of State or Government (pages 1-3) Women in the Executive Branch – World Averages (page 4)

Women Heads of State or Government 1945 to March 2006

Year	Sovereign States	Women Heads of State or Government	Percentage
1945	68	0	0
1955	81	0	0
1965	122	1 (Sri Lanka)	0.8%
1975	147	4 (Argentina, Central African Republic, India and Sri Lanka)	2.72%
1985	162	6 (Dominica, Iceland, Ireland, Malta, United Kingdom, and Yugoslavia)	3.7%
1995	187	12 (Bangladesh, Bulgaria, Dominica, Haiti, Iceland, Ireland, Malta, Nicaragua, Norway, Pakistan, Sri Lanka and Turkey).	6.4%
2000 (May)	190	9 (Bangladesh, Finland, Ireland, Latvia, New Zealand, Panama, San Marino, and Sri Lanka (both Head of State and Head of Government).	4.7%
2005 (January)	191	8 (Bangladesh, Finland, Ireland, Latvia, New Zealand, Mozambique, Philippines and Sri Lanka).	4%
2006 (March)	191	11 (Bangladesh, Chile, Finland, Germany, Ireland, Latvia, Liberia, Mozambique, New Zealand, Philippines, Sao Tome and Principe).	5.7%

Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union, Women in Politics: 60 years in retrospect (2006), Page 16.

Inter-Parliamentary Union Notes: Queens and Governor Generals are not included in this list.

The percentages are valid strictly for the year considered, however, women may have held such positions in other years during the periods considered.



A CHRONOLOGY OF WOMEN Heads of State or Government: 1945 – February 2006 ELECTED WOMEN PRESIDENTS

- Argentina Maria Estela Martínez de Perón 07.1974 03.1976
- Bolivia Lydia Gueiler Tejada 11.1979 07.1980
- Iceland Vigdis Finnbogadóttir 08.1980 08.1996
- San Marino Maria Lea Pedini Angelini 04 10.1981
- Malta Agatha Barbara 02.1982 02.1987
- San Marino Gloriana Ranocchini 04 10.1984
- Philippines Corazon Aquino 02. 1986 06.1992
- San Marino Gloriana Ranocchini 10.1989 04.1990
- + Haiti Ertha Pascal Trouillot 03.1990 02.1991
- Nicaragua Violeta Barrios de Chamorro 04.1990 01.1997
- Ireland Mary Robinson 12.1990 11.1997
- San Marino Edda Ceccoli 10.1991 04.1992
- San Marino Patrizia Busignani 04 10.1993
- Sri Lanka Chandrika Kumaratunge 11.1994 11.1999
- Liberia Ruth Perry 11.1996 08.1997
- Guyana Janet Jagan 12.1997 08.1999
- Ireland Mary McAleese 11.1997 currently (02.2006)
- Switzerland Ruth Dreifuss 01.1999 12.1999
- + San Marino Rosa Zafferani 04 10.1999
- Latvia Vaira Vike-Freiberga 06.1999 currently (02.2006)
- Panama Mireya Elisa Moscoso de Arias 09.1999 09.2004
- Sri Lanka Chandrika Kumaratunge 12.1999 11.2005
- Finland Tanja Kaarina Halonen 03.2000 currently (02.2006)
- San Marino Maria Domenica Michelotti 04 10.2000
- Philippines Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo 01.2001 currently (02.2006)
- + Indonesia Megwati Sukarnoputri 07.2001 10.2004
- + San Marino Valeria Ciavatta 10.2003 03.2004
- + Liberia Ellen Johnson-Sirleaf 01.2006 currently (02.2006)

Note: In January 2006, Michelle Bachelet was elected president of **Chile**. She assumes her position in March 2006. The title of Honorary President was conferred posthumously on Soong Ching Ling, former Vice-President of the **People's Republic of China**. Seven women served as Acting Head of State: **Mongolia**, Suhbaataryn Yanjmaa, 09.1953 – 07.1954; **Guinea-Bissau**, Carmen Periera, 14.05.1984 – 16.05.1984; **Germany (Dem. Rep.)** Sabine Bergmann-Pohl, 04.1990-10.1990; **Ecuador**, Rodalia Serrano de Cordova, 09.02.1997 – 11.02.1997; **Serbia**, Natasa Micic 12.2002-02.2004, **Georgia**, Nino Burdschanadse, 11.2003 – 01.2004; **Austria**, Barbara Prammer, 06.07.2004 – 08.07.2004.

Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union, Women in Politics: 60 years in retrospect (2006), Page 15.



WOMEN PRIME MINISTERS (February 2006)

1. Sri Lanka Sirimavo Bandaranaike 07.1960 - 03.1965 2. India Indira Gandhi 01.1966 - 03.1977 3. Israel Golda Meir 03.1969 - 04.1974 4. Sri Lanka Sirimavo Bandaranaike 05.1970 - 07.1977 5. Central African Republic Elisabeth Domitien 01.1975 - 04.1976 6. United Kingdom Margaret Thatcher 05.1979 - 11.1990 7. Portugal Maria de Lourdes Pintasilgo 08.1979 - 01.1980 8. India Indira Gandhi 01.1980 - 10.1984 9. Dominica Mary Eugenia Charles 07.1980 - 06.1995 10. Norway Gro Harlem Brundtland 02 - 10.1981 11. Yugoslavia Milka Planinc 05.1982 - 05.1986 12. Norway Gro Harlem Brundtland 05.1986 - 10.1989 13. Pakistan Benazir Bhutto 12.1988 - 08.1990 14. Lithuania Kazimiera Prunskiene 03.1990 - 01.1991 15. Norway Gro Harlem Brundtland 11.1990 - 10.1996 16. Bangladesh Khaleda Zia 03.1991 - 03.1996 17. France Edith Cresson 05.1991 - 04.1992 18. Poland Hanna Suchocka 07.1992 - 10.1993 19. Canada Kim Campbell 06.1993 - 11.1993 20. Turkey Tansu Çiller 06.1993 - 07.1996 21. Burundi Sylvie Kinigi 07.1993 - 02.1994 22. Rwanda Agathe Uwilingiyimana 07.1993 - 04.1994 23. Pakistan Benazir Bhutto 10.1993 - 11.1996 24. Sri Lanka Chandrika Kumaratunge 08.1994 - 11.1994 25. Bulgaria Reneta Indzhova 10.1994 - 01.1995 26. Sri Lanka Sirimavo Bandaranaike 11.1994 - 08.2000 27. Haiti Claudette Werleigh 11.1995 - 02.1996 28. Bangladesh Sheikh Hasina Wajed 06.1996 - 07.2001 29. Guyana Janet Jagan 03.1997 - 12.1997 30. New Zealand Jenny Shipley 12.1997 - 12.1999 31. Lithuania Irina Degutienë (acting) 4-18.04.1999 32. Mongolia Nyam-Osoriyn Tuyaa (acting) 22 - 30.07.1999 33. New Zealand Helen Elizabeth Clark 12.1999 - currently (02.2006) 34. Senegal Madior Boye 05.2001 - 11.2002 35. Bangladesh Khaleda Zia 10.2001 - currently (02.2006) 36. Dem. People's Rep. of Korea Chang Sang 11.07.2002 - 31.07.2002 37. Saõ Tome and Principe Maria das Neves Ceita Batista de Sousa 09.2002 - 09.2004 38. Finland Anneli Jaateenmaki 04.2003 - 06.2003 39. Peru Beatriz Merino 06.2003 - 12.2003 40. Mozambique Luisa Diogo 02.2004 - currently (02.2006) 41. T.F.Y.R. of Macedonia Radmila Sekerinska (acting) 05.2004 - 06.2004; 11.2004 - 12.2004 42. Ukraine Yulia Timoshenko 02.2005 - 09.2005 43. Saõ Tome and Principe Maria do Carmo Silveira 06.2005 - currently (02.2006) 44. Germany Angela Merkel 11.2005 - currently (02.2006) Chang Sang of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea was nominated on 11.07.2002 by the President to become the Prime Minister of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, however she was not ratified by the parliament, and thus served only till 31.07.2002. Beatriz Merino

served as the President of the Council of Ministers of **Peru** 06.2003 – 12.2003.

Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union, Women in Politics: 60 years in retrospect (2006), Page 15.



WOMEN IN THE EXECUTIVE WORLD AVERAGES January 2005

- In January 2005, 14.3% of the world's cabinet ministers were women.
- Women held 858 Ministerial portfolios in 183 countries.
- Sweden had the highest number of women ministers in the world ever, at 52.4 per cent, followed by Spain, with 50.0 per cent.
- Of the 858 ministerial posts women held the following portfolios:
 - 83 women (9.7%) held portfolios related to family, children, youth, disabled, and elderly;
 - o 69 women (8.0%) held ministerial portfolios related to social affairs;
 - o 63 women (7.3%) held ministerial portfolios related to women's affairs;
 - o 63 women (7.3%) held ministerial portfolios related to education;
 - 60 women (7%) held ministerial portfolios related to the environment and energy.
- Women were least represented in portfolios related to parliamentary affairs, population and information.
- Only 12 women held defence portfolios, 20 on finance and the budget and 25 on foreign affairs thus further demonstrating that the world's division of labour in the executive branch and politics remains highly gendered.

Source: Inter-Parliamentary Union, Women in Politics: 60 years in retrospect (2006), Page 24.